

Monitored Party Hengxing Caps & Garments Co.,Ltd.	amfori ID 156-014126-000	Address No. 064, Area C, West Side Of Xinglong Street, South Of Beihuan Rd., Baigou Town, Gaobeidian, 074004 Baoding, Hebei Sheng, China
Monitoring Activity amfori Social Audit - Manufacturing	Monitoring Type Follow-up Monitoring	Monitoring Partner SGS
Monitoring Start Date 05/07/2023	Closing Meeting Finished Date 12/07/2023	Submission Date 12/07/2023
Expiration Date 14/07/2024	Announcement Type Fully Announced	
Site Hengxing Caps & Garments Co.,Ltd.	Site amfori ID 156-014126-001	

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OVERALL RATING



SECTION RATING

PA1: Social Management System	C	
PA 2: Workers Involvement and Protection	B	
PA 3: The Rights of Freedom of Association and Collective Bargaining	A	
PA 4: No Discrimination	A	
PA 5: Fair Remuneration	B	

PA 6: Decent Working Hours	D	
PA 7: Occupational Health and Safety	B	
PA 8: No Child Labour	A	
PA 9: Special Protection for Young Workers	A	
PA 10: No Precarious Employment	A	
PA 11: No Bonded Labour	A	
PA 12: Protection of the Environment	A	
PA 13: Ethical Business Behaviour	A	

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Name of lead auditor: Messi Shi; APSCA membership number (CSCA 21703448)

Name of team auditor (if applicable): Nil

Name of observers, translators, trainees, advisors/consultants (if applicable): Nil

Monitoring partner name: SGS (Monitoring firm APSCA #: 11600006)

Audit schedule details: The audit is planned for 1 auditor x 0.75 days. The Follow up audit (Fully-announced) was conducted on Jul 5,2023.

Business partner information: Hengxing Caps & Garments Co.,Ltd. was located at No. 064, Area C, West Side Of Xinglong Street, South Of Beihuan Rd., Baigou Town,Gaobeidian City, Baoding City, Hebei Province, China and established on Jan 17,2003. The form of business company was limited liability. The name and address of the business license was the same as the actual name and address. The uniform social code was 91130611746881465N, valid period of the business license was from Jan 17,2003 to long term. The main product in the factory were caps, the main process of the product was: Raw Materials-Cutting-Embroidering-Sewing-Forming-Packaging-Finished goods.

Audited location information: The factory used part of one 1-storey building as cutting, embroidering, sewing, forming, packaging workshop and warehouse, which was about 1400 square meters; the factory used part of the first floor of one 2-storey building as canteen, which was about 50 square meters; the factory used part of the first floor of one 3-storey building as office, which was about 100 square meters, part of the secondary floor as office and exhibition halls, about 100 square meters, the whole third floor as office, about 900 square meters.

There were 4 buildings in the audited plant. The audited factory used 1400 square meters of one 1-storey building for production and warehouse area, and the other 600 square meters of this building was rented to Baoding Chaozhuang Trading Co., Ltd. for warehouse. The factory used half of 1F, half of 2F and the whole 3F of one 3-storey building for office areas and exhibition halls, other area of 1F of this building was rented to SF Express for express turnover point, and other area of 2F of this building was rented to Baoding Chengmei Network Information Technology Service Co., LTD for office areas. Factory used 50 square meters of 1F of one 2-storey building for factory canteen and kitchen area, other area of 1F of this building was rented to Baoding Baigou Chengxinyantao Leather Sale Department for warehouse, 2F of this building was rented to Gaobeidian City Kongzhongniao Leather Co., Ltd. Another one 2-storey building in the plant was rented to Baoding Zhonghe Commercial Enterprise Association. Factory management and auditor visited the area used by other enterprises. The factory provided copies of lease contracts and business licenses of other enterprises for review.

Confirmed by the auditor, the auditee factory had no personnel mixing with other companies and was managed separately. This audit only covered the area of the auditee factory.

Operating shifts, hours and Time recording system: The factory made a policy of working hour's system and controlled working hours. According to the policy and implementation records, workers worked one shift from 7:30 to 12:00, 14:00 to 17:30 (from May to Sep), 2 hours for dinning; 8:00 to 12:00, 13:00 to 17:00 (on other months), one hour for dinning. The factory also worked overtime according to the production order, 0-2 hours on weekdays and 0-8 hours on weekends sometimes, the working overtime was voluntary, and factory ensured workers had every Sunday off per week. The factory arranged workers working rest 8 hours every day and they could choose rest if they felt tired during the working hours. The factory recorded workers' attendance by fingerprint system. During the audit, the factory had provided attendance records from Aug 1,2022 to the audit day and payrolls from Aug 2022 to May 2023 for review, the maximum daily OT hours of sampling workers was 2, the maximum weekly working hours was 55, the maximum monthly OT hours was 62, the maximum continuous working days was 6.

Salary payment details: The factory set up wages and benefit paying system, which included paid statutory holidays, sick leave, annual leave, marriage leave and maternity leave etc. Based on the attendance records from Aug 1,2022 to the audit day and the payroll records from Aug 2022 to May 2023 provided by the factory, the minimum wage paid by the factory was RMB 2550 per month (RMB 14.66 per hour), which was more than legal requirement about RMB 2200 per month (RMB 12.64 per hour). All the workers were paid hourly wages, and the factory paid the employees overtime according to the regulations. Satisfactory evidence showed that the factory provided skill training to workers and workers' position allowance will be increased accordingly when workers received more training, Wages were paid by cash before 15th of next month. All these processes and evidence were cross checked by document review, worker interview and management interview. And the factory did not provide social insurance for all workers.

Worker number information:

There was total 27 workers in the factory during the audit, including 15 production workers and 12 none-production workers. the number of male production worker was 7, female workers was 8. Total 6 migrant workers in the factory, including three males and three females, from Henan, Shanxi and Heilongjiang Province. No vulnerable workers in the

factory, such as children worker, young worker, pregnant worker, disabled worker, lactating worker. And no interns, apprentices, contractor workers in the factory.

Good practices: Nil

Worker organization details: 3 worker representatives were elected by workers themselves on Nov 11,2022 in the factory. No union trade in the factory.

Circumstances: Nil

The special circumstances can be classified as followed: According to the app of Credit China, no negative information about the factory.

Summary of findings: non-compliances found in this audit as below.

PA1: 1.1 The management procedures were not implemented effectively; 1.4 Capacity planning was not reasonable. PA2: 2.2 The factory did not establish long-term goals to protect workers; 2.5 No grievance mechanism channel was established for external individuals and communities. PA3: NA; PA4: NA; PA 5: 5.5 The factory did not provide social insurance for all workers; PA 6: 6.2 Monthly OT hours exceeded the requirement of local law; PA7: 7.1 There were some non-compliances identified during the audit due to management Negligence. 7.3 The factory did not provide occupational health examination for all workers contacted hazardous factors. 7.17 The factory did not provide protective devices for part of machines. 7.21 The factory did not provide the food business license of the canteen during the audit. 7.22 No basic supplies, such as hand washing facility was not available in the toilets, no privacy door was installed in the toilet. 7.25 The factory did not provide occupational hazard factors testing report. PA 8: NA; PA9: NA; PA 10: NA; PA 11: NA; PA 12: 12.2 The factory did not provide the noise test report for review. PA 13: NA.

Living wage calculation: #LivingWge: The living wage data is provided by the auditing company and please refer to the PA5 summary to find the details of calculation method of living wage.

Precautions taken about #COVID-19 in the facility: Nil.

The Personal Information Protection Law of the People's Republic of China was promulgated on August 20, 2021, the producer ensured that relevant personal data and information provided to SGS auditor(s) has been obtained the individual's consent during the audit.

Attachments: During the audit, some of required documents are not applicable in organization, such as Government Waiver on working hours, which was not involved in document review.

SITE DETAILS

Site	Site amfori ID
Hengxing Caps & Garments Co.,Ltd.	156-014126-001

GICS Classification

Sector	Industry Group	Industry
Consumer Staples	Household & Personal Products	Personal Products

Sub Industry
Personal Products

amfori Process Classifications

N.A.

GS1 Classifications

N.A.

NACE Classification

N.A.

Water Stress Situation

N.A.

METRICS

Key Metrics

Total workforce	27	Workers
Legal minimum wage in local currency	2,200	Monthly
Lowest wage paid for regular work at the site	2,550	Monthly
Calculated living wage in local currency	2,144	Monthly
Total sample	5	Workers

Other Metrics

Male workers	9	Workers
Female workers	18	Workers
Permanent workers - Male	9	Workers
Permanent workers - Female	18	Workers
Temporary workers - Male	0	Workers
Temporary workers - Female	0	Workers
Seasonal workers - Male	0	Workers
Seasonal workers - Female	0	Workers
Management - Male	0	Workers
Management - Female	1	Workers
Apprentices - Male	0	Workers
Apprentices - Female	0	Workers
Workers on probation - Male	0	Workers
Workers on probation - Female	0	Workers
Workers with night shift - Male	0	Workers
Workers with night shift - Female	0	Workers
Workers with disabilities - Male	0	Workers
Workers with disabilities - Female	0	Workers
Domestic migrant workers - Male	3	Workers
Domestic migrant workers - Female	3	Workers
Foreign migrant workers - Male	0	Workers
Foreign migrant workers - Female	0	Workers
Workers hired directly - Male	9	Workers
Workers hired directly - Female	18	Workers
Workers hired indirectly - Male	0	Workers
Workers hired indirectly - Female	0	Workers
Unionised workers - Male	0	Workers
Unionised workers - Female	0	Workers
Workers under CBA - Male	0	Workers
Workers under CBA - Female	0	Workers
Pregnant workers	0	Workers

Workers on parental leave - Male	0	Workers
Workers on parental leave - Female	0	Workers
Sample - Male	3	Workers
Sample - Female	2	Workers

FINDINGS



PA1: Social Management System

Site: Hengxing Caps & Garments Co.,Ltd. | Site amfori ID: 156-014126-001

ENGLISH	LOCAL LANGUAGE
Finding(s)	
<p>1.1 1st follow up audit on Jul 5,2023: Open Finding: The main auditee partially respects this principle because based on management interview and document review, the factory had established completed amfori BSCI management system, Manager was responsible for the system and periodic internal audit was conducted. However, due to inadequate understanding of regulations and BSCI requirements, the management procedures were not implemented effectively, e.g. monthly overtimes exceed legal requirements, social insurance was not provided for all workers etc. It violated the requirement of question 1.1 in amfori BSCI system manual.</p>	<p>1.1 2023年7月5日第一次跟进审核结果：未关闭发现点：被审核方（生产商）部分遵循该准则，原因是基于管理层访谈和文件审核，工厂已建立完整的BSCI管理系统，经理负责该体系，工厂定期进行内审。但是由于工厂未充分理解法规和BSCI的要求，管理程序没有有效执行，例如月加班时间超出法规要求，没有为所有员工提供社保等。违反了amfori BSCI管理手册中问题1.1的要求。</p>
<p>1.4 1st follow up audit on Jul 5,2023: Open Finding: The main auditee partially respected this principle because based on management interview and document review, the factory established a capacity planning program, the factory only arranged the production plan according to the delivery time, the factory did not arrange production plan in accordance with amfori BSCI requirement of overtime, the factory did not control overtime per the regulation's requirement, employee's monthly overtime had exceeded the limit of local law. The max monthly overtime was 62 hours in Dec 2022. It violated the requirement of question 1.4 in amfori BSCI system manual.</p>	<p>1.4 2023年7月5日第一次跟进审核结果：未关闭发现点：被审核方（生产商）部分遵循该准则，原因是基于管理层访谈和员工访谈，工厂制定了产能规划的程序，工厂目前只是按照出货时间来排生产计划，工厂未按amfori BSCI加班时间的要求安排生产计划，没有按法规要求来管控加班时间，员工的月加班时间超过法规要求。最大月加班为2022年12月的62小时。违反了amfori BSCI管理手册中问题1.4的要求。</p>



PA 2: Workers Involvement and Protection

Site: Hengxing Caps & Garments Co.,Ltd. | Site amfori ID: 156-014126-001

ENGLISH	LOCAL LANGUAGE
Finding(s)	
<p>2.2 1st follow up audit on Jul 5,2023: Open Finding: The main auditee partially respects this principle because based on document review and management interview, the factory had established</p>	<p>2.2 2023年7月5日第一次跟进审核结果：未关闭发现点：被审核方（生产商）部分遵守该原则，原因是根据文件审核和管理层访谈发现，工厂建立了保护员工的长期目标程序，但是没有建立保护员工</p>

Finding(s)	
<p>procedure about long-term goals to protect workers, but the factory did not establish long-term goals to protect workers. The auditee explained they would establish long-term goals to protect workers according to the situation at the factory. It violated the requirement of question 2.2 in amfori BSCI system manual.</p>	<p>的长期目标。工厂解释会根据工厂的情况建立保护员工的长期目标。违反了 amfori BSCI管理手册中问题2.2的要求。</p>
<p>2.5 1st follow up audit on Jul 5,2023: Open Finding: The main auditee partially respects this principle. Because based on document review and management interview, the factory had established grievance policy, which was used by their own employees and provided related training to workers, but no grievance mechanism channel was established for external individuals and communities. The factory explained they did not know the requirement of amfori BSCI. It violated the requirement of question 2.5 in amfori BSCI system manual.</p>	<p>2.5 2023年7月5日第一次跟进审核结果：未关闭发现点：被审核方（生产商）部分遵循该准则。原因是根据文件审核和管理层访谈，工厂建立了内部员工使用的申诉政策并给员工提供了相关培训，但是工厂没有建立供外部个人和社区提供申诉的渠道。工厂解释说他们不了解amfori BSCI的相关要求。违反了amfori BSCI管理手册中问题2.5的要求。</p>

PA 5: Fair Remuneration

Site: Hengxing Caps & Garments Co.,Ltd. | Site amfori ID: 156-014126-001

ENGLISH	LOCAL LANGUAGE
Finding(s)	
<p>5.5 1st follow up audit on Jul 5,2023: Open Finding: The main auditee does not respect this principle because based on document review, worker interview and management interview, the factory did not provide five kinds of social insurances for the workers as per law requirement. There were 27 employees and 4 out of them were retirement workers, no new worker joined the factory, thus the factory should provide social insurance for 23 employees. But based on Social Security payment vouchers from Apr 2023 to Jun 2023, the factory only provided five kinds of social insurance for 11 workers. Based on workers interview, workers voluntarily did not participate in social insurance. The factory claimed the employees who were not provided social insurances had paid for New Rural Cooperative Insurance by themselves. But the factory did not collect relevant information. The factory had provided commercial insurance for other workers. It violated Labor Law of the People's Republic of</p>	<p>5.5 2023年7月5日第一次跟进审核结果：未关闭发现点：被审核方（生产商）未遵循该准则。原因是基于文件审核，管理层访谈和员工访谈，工厂没有按法规要求为员工提供五项社会保险。工厂共有27名员工，退休员工4名，无新入职人员，因此工厂需要为23名员工提供社会保险。但是基于2023年4月到2023年6月的社会保险缴费凭证，工厂只为11人提供了五项社会保险。据员工访谈了解，未参加社保的员工均为自愿。工厂表示没有购买社保的员工自行购买新农保，但是工厂没有保留这方面的依据。工厂为其他人提供了商业意外险。违反了中华人民共和国劳动法（2018修正）第七十二条和第七十三条。</p>

Finding(s)

China (2018 Amendment) Article 72 and Article 73.

PA 6: Decent Working Hours

Site: Hengxing Caps & Garments Co.,Ltd. | Site amfori ID: 156-014126-001

ENGLISH

LOCAL LANGUAGE

Finding(s)

6.2 1st follow up audit on Jul 5,2023: Open Finding: The main auditee does not respect this principle because the monthly OT hours exceeded legal requirement. Based on the attendance records provided by the factory from Aug 1,2022 to the audit day, all sampling workers' OT hours exceeded 36 hours (except for Jan 2023) and the maximum number was 62 hours including 22 hours workday overtime and 40 hours rest day overtime, which happened on Dec 2022. Maximum working day overtime hours was 2, maximum weekly overtime hours were 15 and maximum monthly overtime hours were 62. Based on employee interview, overtime was voluntary. The factory said that due to the tight order schedule, the employees worked overtime. They would control the overtime hours of the employees by increasing the number of employees and improving the working efficiency. It violated Labor Law of the People's Republic of China (2018 Amendment), Article 41.

6.2 2023年7月5日第一次跟进审核结果：未关闭发现点：被审核方（生产商）未遵循该准则。原因是员工月加班超过法规要求。根据工厂提供的2022年8月1日到审核当天的考勤记录，所有抽样员工的月加班时间超过36小时（除了2023年1月），最大月加班为62小时，发生在2022年12月份，包括平日加班22小时和周末加班40小时。最大日加班为2小时，最大周加班为15小时，最大月加班为62小时。据员工访谈确认加班是自愿的。工厂称由于订单时间紧张导致员工加班，他们后续会通过增加员工，提高工作效率等方式控制员工加班时间。违反了中华人民共和国劳动法（2018修正）第四十一条。

PA 7: Occupational Health and Safety

Site: Hengxing Caps & Garments Co.,Ltd. | Site amfori ID: 156-014126-001

ENGLISH

LOCAL LANGUAGE

Finding(s)

7.1 1st follow up audit on Jul 5,2023: Open Finding: The main auditee partially respected this principle because based on management interview, onsite observation and document review, the factory had established complete management system on health and safety, included the identification and awareness of related legal regulation, health and safety check, training etc. But there were some non-compliances identified during the audit due to management

7.1 2023年7月5日第一次跟进审核结果：未关闭发现点：被审核方（生产商）部分遵循该准则。原因是基于管理层访谈，现场观察，文件审核等，工厂已建立完整的健康安全管理体系，包括相关法规的识别与了解，健康安全檢查，培训等，但是由于管理疏忽，审核中仍有一些问题发现，如部分货物靠墙放置等。违反了amfori BSCI管理手册中问题7.1的要求。

Finding(s)	
negligence, such as part of the goods are placed against the wall. It violated the requirement of question 7.1 in amfori BSCI system manual.	
7.3 1st follow up audit on Jul 5,2023: Open Finding: The main auditee partially respects this principle because based on document review, onsite observation, management interview and workers interview, the factory had carried out complete risk assessment for safe, healthy and hygienic working conditions, but the embroidering workshop involved with occupational hazard factors such as noise, the factory did not provide the occupational health examination for the related workers. The factory said that they did not understand the requirements of the regulations and had made a rectification plan. In the future, they would provide occupational health examination for employees in accordance with the regulations. It violated Law of the People's Republic of China on Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases (2018 Amendment), Article 35.	7.3 2023年7月5日第一次跟进审核结果：未关闭 发现点：被审核方（生产商）部分遵循该准则。原因是基于文件审核，现场观察，管理层访谈和员工访谈，工厂有针对性安全，健康和卫生工作条件进行完善的风险评估，但是绣花车间存在噪声等职业危害因素，但是工厂没有为相关岗位的工人提供职业健康体检。工厂称他们不了解法规的要求，已经制定了整改计划，后期会按照法规要求为员工提供职业健康体检。违反了《中华人民共和国职业病防治法（2018修正）》第三十五条。
7.6 1st follow up audit on Jul 5,2023: Closed Finding: The main auditee respected this principle because based on document review, onsite observation and workers interview, the factory had provided the training records about PPE, and provided appropriate PPE for all workers, based on onsite observation, all workers wore appropriate PPE when working, such as embroidering workers wore earplug when working. Which was in accordance with local law, so the finding was closed.	7.6 2023年7月5日第一次跟进审核结果：关闭 发现点：被审核方（生产商）遵循该准则。原因是基于文件审核，现场观察和员工访谈，工厂提供了员工的劳保用品的培训记录，为所有员工提供了合适的PPE，现场审核发现，所有员工工作期间佩戴了合适的劳保用品，比如抽样绣花员工工作期间佩戴了耳塞。符合法规要求，因此该问题点关闭。
7.13 1st follow up audit on Jul 5,2023: Closed Finding: The main auditee respected this principle because based on document review and onsite observation, the factory had provided the check records about electric facility, no exposed electric lines were found onsite, all electric boxes were closed. Which was in accordance with local law, so the finding was closed.	7.13 2023年7月5日第一次跟进审核结果：关闭 发现点：被审核方（生产商）遵循该准则。原因根据文件审核和现场审核发现，工厂电气设施的检查记录，现场没有发现裸露的电线，所有电源箱均是关闭的。符合法规要求，因此该问题点关闭。
7.17 1st follow up audit on Jul 5,2023: Open Finding: The main auditee partially respected this principle because the auditee had established the machine safety management procedure but based on onsite observation, (1) All sampling normal sewing machines were not installed with finger protector. (2) No retaining needle plates were	7.17 2023年7月5日第一次跟进审核结果：未关闭 发现点：被审核方（生产商）部分遵循该准则。原因是工厂建立了设备安全管理程序，但是根据现场审核发现，（1）所有抽样平缝机没有安装护指环（2）2台抽样高速缝纫机没有安装挡针板。（3）6台抽样平缝机皮带轮裸露，没有安装防护罩。工厂解释会尽快给所有的设备和窗台等安装防护装置。

Finding(s)	
installed for two sampling high-speed sewing machines. (3) The pulleys of six sampling normal sewing machines were exposed without protective device. The factory explained that they would install protective devices for all equipment. It violated General Rules of Design on Health and Safety of Production Facility (GB 5083-1999) 6.1.2 and 6.1.6	违反了生产设备安全卫生设计总则（GB 5083-1999）6.1.2 和 6.1.6
7.21 1st follow up audit on Jul 5,2023: Open Finding: The main auditee partially respected this principle because based on onsite observation and management interview, the factory had provided canteen for workers, but the factory did not provide the food business license of the canteen during the audit, and only provided the health certificate of one kitchen worker. The factory explained to apply for the food business license of the canteen as soon as possible. It violated Food Safety Law of the People's Republic of China (2021 Amendment), Article 35.	7.21 2023年7月5日第一次跟进审核结果：未关闭发现点：被审核方（生产商）部分遵循该准则。原因是：根据现场审核和管理层访谈发现，工厂为员工提供了餐厅，但是审核期间工厂没有提供食堂的食品经营许可证，只提供了一名厨工的健康证。工厂解释尽快办理食堂的食品经营许可证。违反了中华人民共和国食品安全法（2021修正）第三十五条。
7.22 1st follow up audit on Jul 5,2023: Open Finding: The main auditee does not respect this principle because based on onsite observation and management interview, no basic supplies, such as hand washing facility was not available in the toilets , no privacy door was installed in the toilet. The factory explained they would install privacy door for the toilet, provide handing washing facility. It violated the requirement of question7.22 in amfori BSCI system manual.	7.22 2023年7月5日第一次跟进审核结果：未关闭发现点：被审核方（生产商）未遵循该准则。原因是：根据现场审核和管理层访谈发现，卫生间没有提供基本备品如洗手设施等，没有安装隐私门。工厂解释后期会为厕所安装隐私门，配备相应的洗手设施。违反了amfori BSCI管理手册中问题7.22的要求。
7.25 1st follow up audit on Jul 5,2023: Open Finding: The main auditee did not respect this principle because based on onsite observation and documents review, the embroidering workshop involved with noise, but the factory didn't arrange occupational hazard factors testing by the related qualified occupational health technology services organization. The factory explained they would arrange occupational hazard factors testing by the related qualified occupational health technology services organization as soon as possible. It violated Law of the People's Republic of China on Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases (2018 Amendment), Article 26	7.25 2023年7月5日第一次跟进审核结果：未关闭发现点：被审核方（生产商）未遵循该准则。原因是：根据现场审核和文件审核发现，绣花车间存在噪声等职业危害因素，审核期间，工厂没有安排有资质的单位进行职业危害因素检测。工厂解释会尽快安排有资质的单位进行职业危害因素检测，违反了中华人民共和国职业病防治法（2018修正）第二十六条



PA 12: Protection of the Environment

Site: Hengxing Caps & Garments Co.,Ltd. | Site amfori ID: 156-014126-001

ENGLISH	LOCAL LANGUAGE
Finding(s)	
<p>12.2 1st follow up audit on Jul 5,2023: Open Finding: The main auditee partially respected this principle because based on onsite observation and document review, the factory had set up the environmental protection policy and collected the related environmental laws standards, the factory had embroidering process etc, which could discharge the noise, but did not provide the noise test report for review. The factory explained they would conduct the test about noise as soon as possible. It violated Law of the People's Republic of China on Noise Pollution Prevention and Control (2021 Amendment), Article 38</p>	<p>12.2 2023年7月5日第一次跟进审核结果：未关闭发现点：被审核方部分遵循该原则，原因是根据现场审核和文件审核发现，工厂建立了环境保护政策且收集了环境法律法规，工厂有绣花等工序，对外排放噪音，但工厂没有提供厂界噪音检测报告。工厂解释会尽快对厂界噪声进行检测。违反了中华人民共和国噪声污染防治法（2021修正）第三十八条。</p>